

IMS ANNUAL USER GROUP MEETING 2017 PHI



AGENDA

- 10.00am Introductions and overview of IMS data 2016/17 including new reporting
- **10.40am** International Harm Reduction Conference report (video)
- 10.50am Drug related deaths: the national picture (Paul Duffy, PHE)
- 11.15am Frontline experiences of NSP users in a pharmacy setting (William Coulter, Numark Pharmacy)
- 11.35am RSPH drug policy public consultation (video)
- 11.45am Hepatitis C among people who inject psychoactive drugs in the UK (Ellen Heinsbroek, PHE)



IMS DATA CURRENT POSITION

Covers all nine local authority areas in Merseyside and Cheshire

44 agencies and 91 pharmacies

23,564 individuals reporting to system in last year (provisional)







23,564 individuals reporting to system in last year (-11% on 2015-16)



75,114 interventions delivered (-26% on 2015-16)

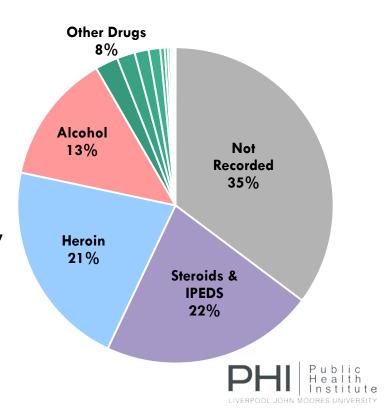


79,957 syringe exchange transactions (+9% on 2015-16)



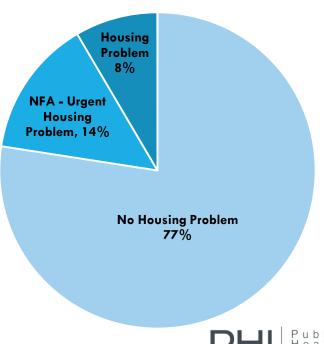
15,255 individuals (65%) have a main substance recorded.

8,309 (35%) have never had a substance recorded, includes 7,430 individuals currently using needle & syringe exchanges.



6,905 individuals (29%) have an accommodation status recorded.

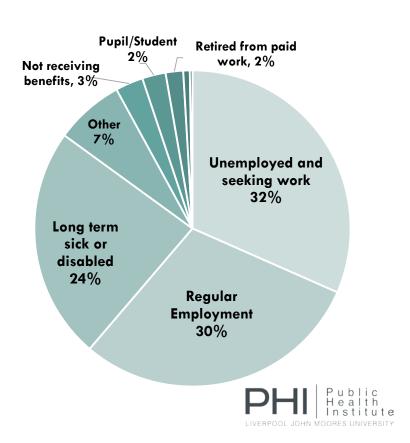
Where recorded, the majority (77%) do not have a housing problem.





4,809 individuals (20%) have an employment status recorded.

Where recorded, almost a third (32%) are unemployed and seeking work.



IMS DATA NEW COHORTS

cohort

/ˈkəʊhɔːt/ •)

noun

noun: cohort; plural noun: cohorts

- an ancient Roman military unit, comprising six centuries, equal to one tenth of a legion. synonyms: unit, outfit, force; More
- a group of people with a shared characteristic. "a cohort of civil servants patiently drafting legislation"
 - a group of people with a common statistical characteristic.
 "the 1940–4 birth cohort of women"
 synonyms: group, grouping, category, categorization, grade, grading, classification, class, set, section, division, order, batch, list; More

www.google.co.uk/search?q=cohort



Integrated Monitoring System: All IMS Clients

Individuals with a NEX transaction or NEX return recorded within the period, or an injecting status of 'current' on their last assessment.

Individuals with Brief Interventions, referrals and well-being only.

Injecting Drug Users: IDU

Non-Injectors: BI

Latest client assessment where the main substance recorded is either steroids or other drugs (but not alcohol). Where no substance is recorded clients are allocated to either group using the estimated likelihood from a modelling of client attributes and activity.

The main substance (drugs or alcohol) as recorded in client's last assessment

IDU: Steroids & IPEDs

IDU: Psychoactive Drug

BI: Drug or Alcohol

Steroids & IPFDs

Drug: Opiate

Drug: Non-opiate

Alcohol

No substance not recorded

Steroids & **IPFDs**

Heroin

Methadone

Other

Amphetamine (excl Ecstasy) Ecstasy

Antidepressants Hallucinogens

Benzodiazepines NPS-Novel

Psychoact

Prescription Drugs

Cannabis (excl Crack) Solvents

Cocaine

Cocaine

Crack

Other Drugs

Alcohol

substance or not recorded

ALLOCATING IDU "NOT STATED" TO NEW COHORTS

Demographics: gender and age-group profile

Equipment used: the type of equipment taken

Frequency of visits made to service/pharmacy

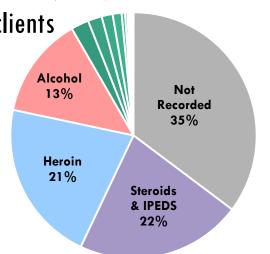


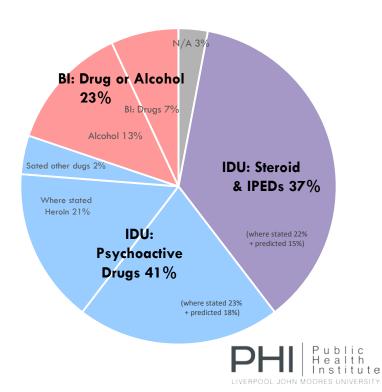
83% accuracy by testing estimated cohort model with clients where substance known



7,430 of the individuals (32%) with no substance

recorded, are IDU clients currently using needle & syringe exchanges.



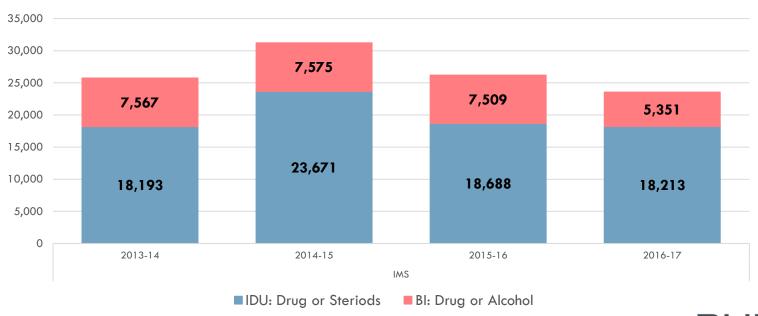


TOTAL IMS CLIENT GROUP



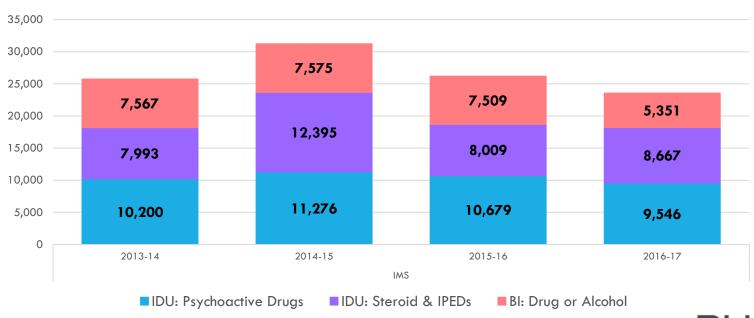


IMS CLIENT GROUP: IDU / BI SPLIT



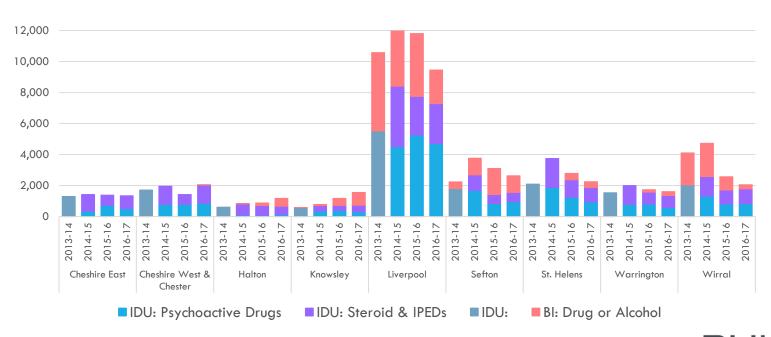


IMS CLIENT GROUP: IDU DRUG / IDU STEROID / BI



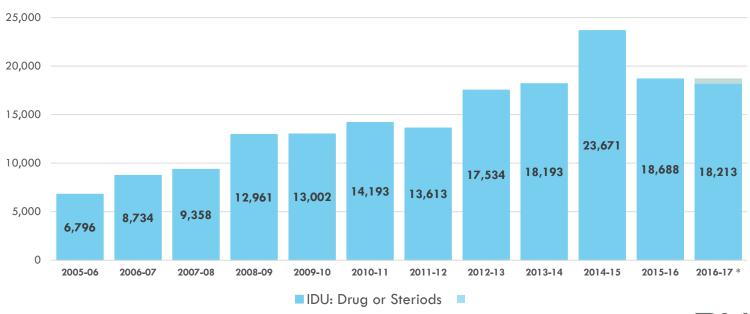


IMS CLIENTS: IDU DRUG / IDU STEROID / BI



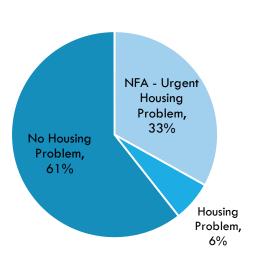


NEEDLE SYRINGE PROGRAMME CLIENTS (IDUs)

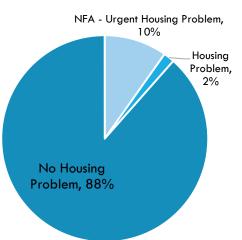




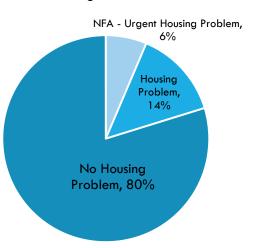
IDU: Psychoactive Drugs



IDU: Steroid & IPEDs

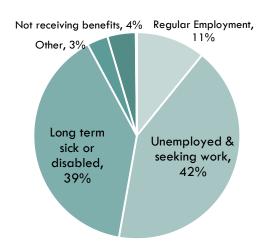


Bl: Drug or Alcohol

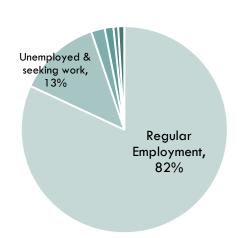




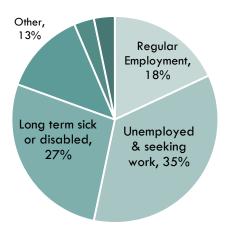
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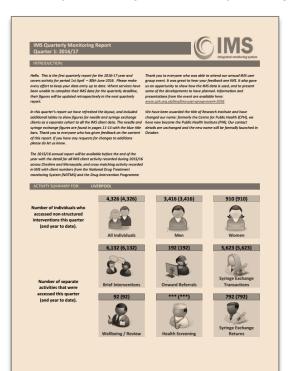
BI: Drug or Alcohol

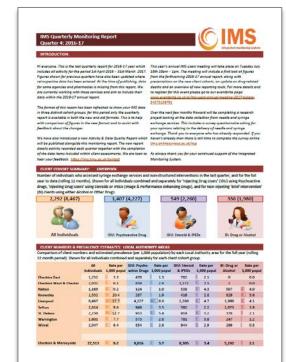


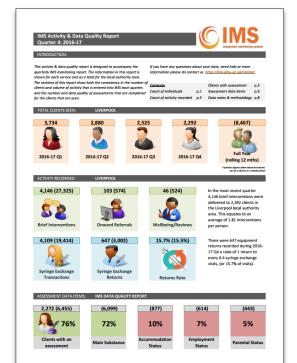


IMS QUARTERLY REPORTS NEW FORMAT

https://ims.ljmu.ac.uk/quarterly

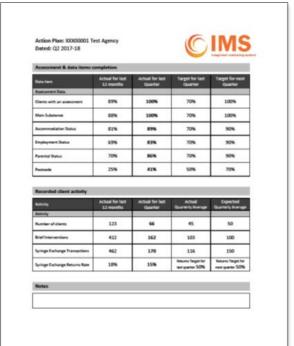






IMS DATA QUALITY







IMS NEW FEATURES

Home page: menu options

Reports dashboard: data charts and visualisation

IMS info pages: quarterly and annual reports

My details: update your details and email subscription preferences

Affected by someone's use: new alternative option for client assessment



- Defining purpose of review process and what a DRD is
- Appointing lead officer
- Development of data gathering methods
- Addressing information sharing issues
- Developing links with neighbouring local authorities
- **Engaging the coroner**
- Liaise with external agencies

Areas to explore: engagement with relatives/carers, GP data extraction service input, volume of deaths

"Any drug-related death is a tragedy, and everyone agrees more needs to be



Reporting incorporated into IMS. Now covers 5 areas in Merseyside: Liverpool, Sefton, Wirral, Knowsley, St Helens

Reports compile data from:

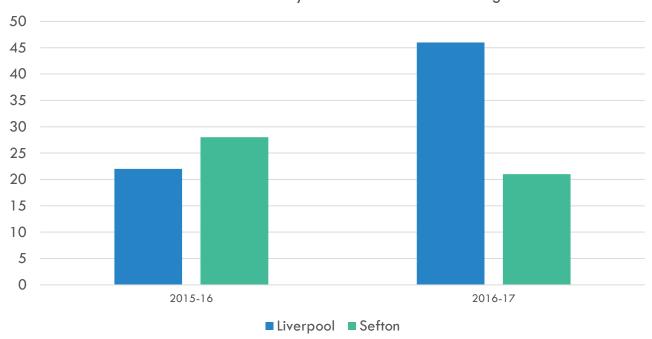
- Coroner
- Service proforma
- NDTMS record
- IMS
- DIP
- Other services (social services for eg)

Panels meet quarterly with attendance from agency clinical lead, key worker, public health leads, other services

156 deaths recorded on to system to date

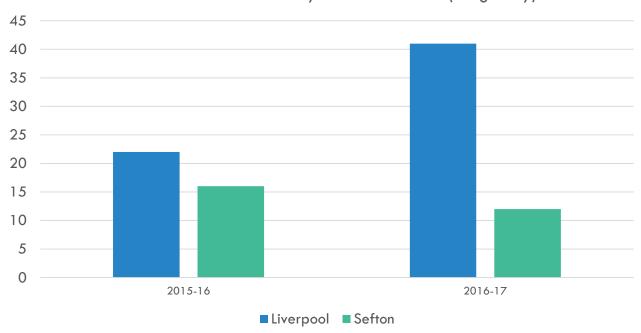


Deaths recorded on DRD system 2015-2017 including alcohol



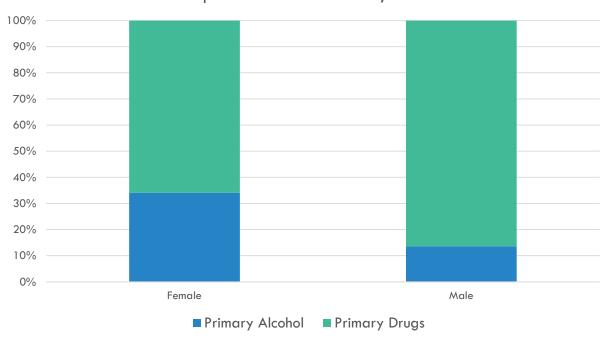


Deaths recorded on DRD system 2015-2017 (drugs only)



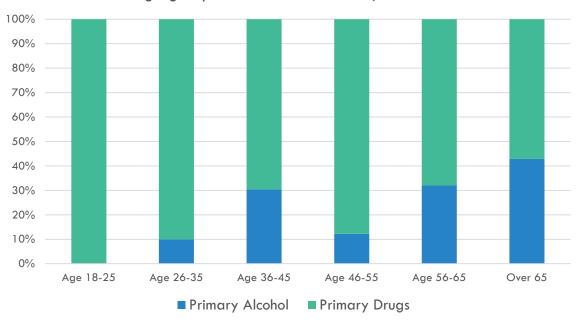






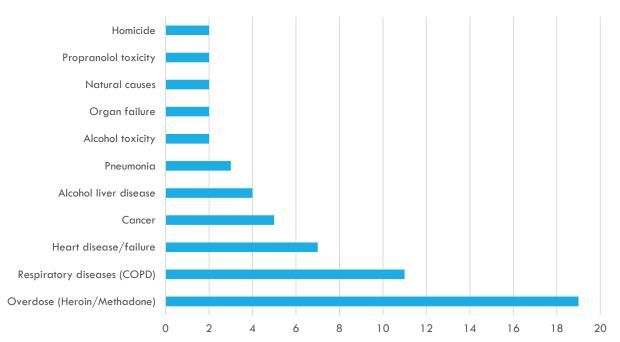








top causes of death where known 2015-2017





Local view:

Ageing cohort means COPD (respiratory disease) deaths on the rise — will not necessarily be picked up by coroner as DRD

However drug overdose is still highest known category

Suggestion from coroner records in 2017-18 that this may be increasing further — many individuals not in treatment

Mirrors national and international trends

